

### **Amendments to the Claims**

Kindly cancel claims 1 & 3-12 (without prejudice). Upon entrance of this Amendment, claims 13, 15-29 & 31-37 will remain pending. All pending claims are reproduced below.

1. (Canceled).

2. (Previously Canceled).

3-12. (Canceled).

13. (Previously Presented) A packet flow control system for a switching node of a data transfer network, said system comprising:

means for actively managing space allocations in a central queue for a plurality of ports of a switching node of a data transfer network; and

wherein the actively managing is based on a variable amount of unused space available in the central queue, the unused space available in the central queue comprising vacated allocated space and unallocated space, and the actively managing further comprises separately tracking the vacated allocated space and the unallocated space currently available in the central queue, wherein the vacated allocated space comprises space that is currently allocated to a port of the plurality of ports and which has been used to buffer a received packet and been vacated as the result of the packet being transferred or discarded, and the unallocated space comprises space that is not currently allocated to any port of the plurality of ports, and wherein the actively managing comprises allocating differently the allocated vacated space and the unallocated space to the plurality of ports.

14. (Previously Canceled).

15. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 13, wherein the means for actively managing further comprises means for offering a quantity of unallocated space currently available in the central queue to the plurality of ports according to a defined distribution rule.

16. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 13, wherein the means for actively managing further comprises means for offering vacated allocated space to a port to which the vacated allocated space is currently assigned.

17. (Original) The system of claim 13, wherein the means for actively managing further comprises means for allocating an offered space to at least one virtual lane of a port based on a space need of the at least one virtual lane, the offered space comprising a quantity of unused space in the central queue.

18. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the quantity of unused space comprises at least one of a vacated allocated space currently assigned to the port and a quantity of unallocated space available in the central queue.

19. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the means for allocating further comprises means for determining the space need based on an amount of central-queue space borrowed by the at least one virtual lane, wherein the amount of central-queue space borrowed comprises an amount of space by which a space allocation in the central queue allotted to the at least one virtual lane exceeds a target allocation.

20. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the means for allocating further comprises means for determining the space need based on an amount of unused space remaining in a space allocation in the central queue allotted to the at least one virtual lane, wherein the amount of unused space remaining comprises an amount allotted to the at least one virtual lane, but currently not used to store a received data packet.

21. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the means for allocating further comprises:

(i) means for reckoning an amount of central-queue space borrowed by the at least one virtual lane, wherein the amount of central-queue space borrowed comprises an amount of space by which a space allocation in the central queue allotted to the at least one virtual lane exceeds a target allocation; and

(ii) means for reckoning an amount of unused space remaining in the space allocation in the central queue allotted to the at least one virtual lane, wherein the amount of unused space remaining comprises an amount allotted to the at least one virtual lane, but currently not used to store a received data packet.

22. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the means for allocating further comprises:

means for reducing the amount of central-queue space borrowed; and

means for increasing the amount of unused space remaining in the space allocation in the central queue allotted to the at least one virtual lane up to a desired amount with a remaining offered space, if any, wherein the remaining offered space comprises the offered space not allotted by the means for reducing to reduce the amount of central-queue space borrowed.

23. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the means for actively managing further comprises means for returning a balance of the offered space not allotted by means for the allocating back to the central queue.

24. (Original) The system of claim 23, wherein the means for actively managing further comprises means for adding the balance of the offered space returned by the means for returning to the unallocated space available in the central queue.

25. (Previously Presented) A queue manager for a switching node of a data transfer network, said queue manager comprising:

central queue control logic for a switching node for tracking a variable amount of unused space in a central queue of the switching node and offering a quantity of the unused space to a plurality of ports of the switching node; and

a port credit manager for allocating an offered space to at least one virtual lane of a port of the plurality of ports, the offered space comprising the quantity of the unused space in the central queue offered by said central queue control logic, the unused space available in the central queue comprising vacated allocated space and unallocated space, and the allocating further comprises separately tracking the vacated allocated space and the unallocated space currently available in the central queue, wherein the vacated allocated space comprises space that is currently allocated to a port of the plurality of ports and which has been used to buffer a received packet and been vacated as the result of the packet being transferred or discarded, and the unallocated space comprises space that is not currently allocated to any port of the plurality of ports, and wherein the allocating comprises allocating differently the allocated vacated space and the unallocated space to the plurality of ports.

26. (Previously Presented) The queue manager of claim 25, wherein the port credit manager further comprises a plurality of virtual lane credit calculators, each of the virtual lane calculators:

(i) reckoning an amount of central-queue space borrowed by a virtual lane of the port, wherein the amount of central-queue space borrowed comprises an amount of space by which a space allocation in the central queue allotted to the virtual lane exceeds a target allocation; and

(ii) reckoning an amount of unused space remaining in the space allocation in the central queue allotted to the virtual lane, wherein the amount of unused space remaining comprises an amount allotted to the virtual lane, but currently not used to store a received data packet.

27. (Original) The queue manager of claim 26, wherein each of the virtual lane calculators determines an amount of surplus space from the offered space to return to the unallocated space available in a central queue.

28. (Previously Presented) A switching node for a data transfer network, said switching node comprising:

a plurality of data ports;

a central queue for buffering data packets received by said plurality of data ports; and

a packet flow controller, wherein said packet flow controller actively manages space allocations in said central queue for said plurality of ports based on a variable amount of unused space available in said central queue, the unused space available in the central queue comprising vacated allocated space and unallocated space, and the actively managing further comprises separately tracking the vacated allocated space and the unallocated space currently available in the central queue, wherein the vacated allocated space comprises space that is currently allocated to a port of the plurality of ports and which has been used to buffer a received packet and been vacated as the result of the packet being transferred or discarded, and the unallocated space comprises space that is not currently allocated to any port of the plurality of ports, and wherein the actively managing comprises allocating differently the vacated allocated space and the unallocated space to the plurality of ports.

29. (Previously Presented) At least one program storage device readable by a machine embodying at least one program of instructions executable by the machine to perform a packet flow control method for a switching node of a data transfer network, said method comprising:

actively managing space allocations in a central queue for a plurality of ports of a switching node of a data transfer network; and

wherein the actively managing is based on a variable amount of unused space available in the central queue, the unused space available in the central queue comprising vacated allocated space and unallocated space, and the actively managing further comprises separately tracking the vacated allocated space and the unallocated space currently available in the central queue, wherein the vacated allocated space comprises space that is currently allocated to a port of the plurality of ports and which has been used to buffer a received packet and been vacated as the result of the packet being transferred or discarded, and the unallocated space comprises space that is not currently allocated to any port of the plurality of ports, and wherein the actively managing comprises allocating differently the vacated allocated space and the unallocated space to the plurality of ports.

30. (Previously Canceled).

31. (Previously Presented) The at least one program storage device of claim 29, wherein the actively managing further comprises offering a quantity of unallocated space currently available in the central queue to the plurality of ports according to a defined distribution rule.

32. (Previously Presented) The at least one program storage device of claim 29, wherein the actively managing further comprises offering vacated allocated space to a port to which the vacated allocated space is currently assigned.

33. (Original) The at least one program storage device of claim 29, wherein the actively managing further comprises allocating, by a port credit manager, an offered space to at least one virtual lane of a port based on a space need of the at least one virtual lane, the offered space comprising a quantity of unused space in the central queue.

34. (Original) The at least one program storage device of claim 33, wherein the quantity of unused space comprises at least one of a vacated allocated space currently assigned to the port and a quantity of unallocated space available in the central queue.

35. (Original) The at least one program storage device of claim 33, wherein the allocating further comprises determining the space need based on an amount of central-queue space borrowed by the at least one virtual lane, wherein the amount of central-queue space borrowed comprises an amount of space by which a space allocation in the central queue allotted to the at least one virtual lane exceeds a target allocation.

36. (Original) The at least one program storage device of claim 33, wherein the allocating further comprises determining the space need based on an amount of unused space remaining in a space allocation in the central queue allotted to the at least one virtual lane, wherein the amount of unused space remaining comprises an amount allotted to the at least one virtual lane, but currently not used to store a received data packet.

37. (Original) The at least one program storage device of claim 33, wherein the actively managing further comprises returning a balance of the offered space not allotted by the allocating back to the central queue, and the allocating further comprises:

(i) reckoning an amount of central-queue space borrowed by the at least one virtual lane, wherein the amount of central-queue space borrowed comprises an amount of space by which a space allocation in the central queue allotted to the at least one virtual lane exceeds a target allocation; and

(ii) reckoning an amount of unused space remaining in the space allocation in the central queue allotted to the at least one virtual lane, wherein the amount of unused space remaining comprises an amount allotted to the at least one virtual lane, but currently not used to store a received data packet.

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